



**Srini Science Mind**  
Abdul Kalam Physical Science Group



**NEW**

**8<sup>th</sup> class**

**PHYSICAL SCIENCE**

**MODEL LESSON PLAN**

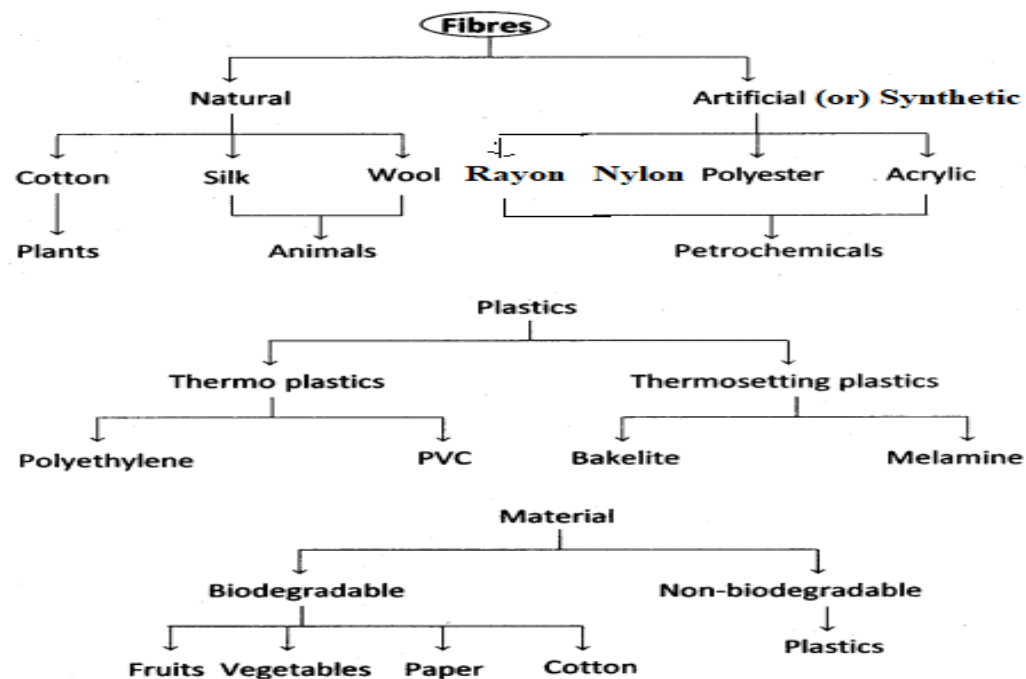


**M.SRINIVASA RAO, SA(PS) AGKMHS GUDIVADA PH: 9848143855**



## TEACHING LEARNING PROCESS

### Induction/Introduction:



### Experience and Reflection:

1. Students will acquire adequate knowledge in dressing according to the period.
2. Students apply 4R principles in daily life.
3. Students play their part in protecting the environment when they use synthetic fibres.

Explicit Teaching/Teacher Modelling (I Do)	Group Work (We Do)	Independent Work (You Do)	Notes for:
1. Discussion and collect the information on natural and synthetic fibres.	1. Students give examples of natural and synthetic fibres.		1. Why is cotton called King of fibres?
2. Discussion on monomer and polymer.	2. Students compare the structure of polymer with beads chain or paper clip chain	2. Students identify the monomer and polymer in the beads chain/paper clips chain	2. What are polymers?
3. Explain the types of synthetic fibres	3. Collect the information on rayon	3. Students give reason about why	3. How is rayon

<p>and uses of rayon.</p> <p>4. Discussion and explain Nylon and its uses.</p> <p>5. Conduct an activity on the strength of threads.</p> <p>6. Explain Polyester and Acrylic.</p> <p>7. Discussion and Explain the characteristics of synthetic fibres.</p> <p>8. Discussion on Plastics with some examples.</p> <p>9. Explain the concepts of thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics with examples.</p> <p>10. Discussion and explanation of Plastics as Materials of Choice.</p> <p>11. Explain the biodegradable and non-biodegradable materials with examples.</p> <p>12. Discussion on the environment when the usage of plastics.</p> <p>13. Explain 5R principles</p>	<p>uses.</p> <p>4. Students draw the uses of nylon in a flow chart.</p> <p>5. Group discussion on Why nylon thread is actually stronger than a steel wire.</p> <p>6. Students will conduct a survey and tell in tabular form how many people around them use PET bottles.</p> <p>7. Reading the Scientific discoveries of Man-made fibres.</p> <p>8. Students give examples of plastics in household articles.</p> <p>9. Collect projects of can be recycled and cannot be recycled.</p> <p>10. Group discussion on advantages of Synthetic fibres.</p> <p>11. Students classify the materials as biodegradable and non-biodegradable and record the approximate time is taken to degenerate.</p> <p>12. Collect the information to list the strategies for plastic waste management.</p>	<p>synthetic fibres are stronger than natural fibres?</p> <p>4. Students complete the homework.</p> <p>5. Comparing the strength of the nylon thread with steel thread.</p> <p>6. Students draw Linear and Cross-linked arrangements of plastics.</p> <p>7. Students complete the homework.</p> <p>8. Students give examples of thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics.</p> <p>9. Students express the advantages of synthetic fibres.</p> <p>10. Students make a list of household items which are biodegradable and non-biodegradable.</p> <p>11. Students will explain in their own words how pollution is caused by the use of plastic.</p> <p>12. Which one is better reuse or recycle?</p>	<p>different from synthetic fibres?</p> <p>4. Which is the first fully synthetic fibre?</p> <p>5. What are the advantages of nylon?</p> <p>6. What is PET? Write its uses.</p> <p>7. List any three characteristics of synthetic fibres.</p> <p>8. What are plastics?</p> <p>9. Can we store jams and pickles in plastic containers? Give reason.</p> <p>10. Differentiate between biodegradable and non-biodegradable materials.</p> <p>11. What is the 5R principle of plastics?</p>
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### Check For Understanding Questions

#### 1. Factual:

1. How is rayon different from synthetic fibres?
2. Is plastic bag non-biodegradable? Why?
3. Do all plastics have same type of arrangement of units?

#### 2. Open Ended/Critical Thinking:

1. Why is silk called Queen of fibres?
2. Why is acrylic more popular than wool?
3. Can recycled plastics be used in food containers? Why or why not?

#### 3. Student Practice Questions & Activities:

1. Explain the difference between thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics.
2. Categorise the materials of the following products into 'can be recycled' and 'cannot be recycled'.

Telephone instruments, Plastic toys, Cooker handles, Carry bags, Ball point pens, Plastic bowls, Plastic covering on electrical wires, Plastic chairs, Electrical switches.

3. Give examples to show that plastics are noncorrosive in nature.
4. 'Avoid plastics as far as possible'. Comment on this advice.

### TLM's (Digital + Print)

1. Used prepared Quiz paper.
2. Utilized digital classroom.
3. Provide video links QR codes, DIKSHA App.
4. YouTube video's links.

#### Assessment:

1. Describe an activity to show that thermoplastic is a poor conductor of electricity.
2. What are the characteristics of synthetic fibres?
3. Suggest some ways to solve plastic pollution.
4. Why is it advised not to wear synthetic clothes while working in a laboratory or working with a fire in the kitchen?

SIGNATURE OF THE TEACHER

SIGNATURE OF THE HEADMASTER

VISITING OFFICER WITH REMARKS