

MODEL LESSON PLAN

CLASS: 08 SUBJECT: PS Name of the Teacher: M.SRINIVASA RAO Name of the School: A.G.K.M.H.School, Gudivada

Name of the	Торіс	No.of Periods	Timeline for teaching		Any specific
Lesson/Unit		Required	From	То	information
	Introduction of sound	1	xx/xx/xxxx	xx/xx/xxxx	
Sound (Chapter-5)	Sound is Produced by a Vibrating Body	2	xx/xx/xxxx	xx/xx/xxxx	
	Sound Produced by Humans	2	xx/xx/xxxx	xx/xx/xxxx	
	Sound Needs a Medium for Propagation	2	xx/xx/xxxx	xx/xx/xxxx	
	We Hear Sound through Our Ears	2	xx/xx/xxxx	xx/xx/xxxx	
	Amplitude, Time Period and Frequency of a Vibration	3	xx/xx/xxxx	xx/xx/xxxx	
	Audible and Inaudible Sounds	1	xx/xx/xxxx	xx/xx/xxxx	
	Noise and Music	1	xx/xx/xxxx	xx/xx/xxxx	
	Noise Pollution	1	xx/xx/xxxx	xx/xx/xxxx	

Prior Concept/Skills:

- 1. If you go to a school assembly, what do you hear?
- 2. What are the sounds like when there is a traffic jam in the city?
- 3. Give examples of some forms of energy.

Learning Outcomes:		No. of Periods
1.	Classifies materials based on characteristics of musical instruments.	1
2.	Explains processes of production and propagation of sound.	2
3.	Relates processes and phenomenon with causes of sound needs a medium for propagation.	1
4.	Conduct simple investigations to seek answers to queries of "Why sound waves cannot travel in a vacuum?	1
5.	Discusses and appreciates stories of scientific discoveries of music instruments and famous musicians.	1
6.	Applies learning of scientific concepts in day-to-day life of making musical instruments.	1
7.	Exhibits creativity in designing, planning, making use of musical instruments.	1
8.	Constructs models using materials from surroundings and explains their working of ektara.	1
9.	Explains processes and phenomenon of working of the human ear.	1
10	. Draws labelled diagram of structure of the human ear.	1
11.	. Differentiate hearing sounds as music and noise.	1
12	. Differentiate hearing sounds as Audible and Inaudible Sounds.	1
13	. Relates processes and phenomenon with causes of the harms of noise pollution.	1
14	. Makes efforts to protect environment by the reducing of sounds.	1



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4. Conduct an activity on sound is produced by a vibrating body with the metal dish, water and spoon.	4. Students observe the vibrations of Water.	3. Students give the reason about Why do vibrations produce sound?	4. Do all bodies produce sound.
5. Explain and making of Ektara6. Explain and conduct Jaltarag activity.	5. Students collect the hollow coconut shell and make an Ektara6. Students conduct an activity with available materials.	4. Students complete the homework.	5. Name two musical instruments which produce sound by vibrating strings.
7. Explain the sound produced by humans.	7. Collect the information on the voice box.	5. Students prepare a list of famous Indian musicians and the instruments they play.	6. Where do humans produce sound?
8. Conduct activity on working of vocal cords.	8. Students observe the working of vocal cords by doing an activity using rubber strips	6. Students express the working of vocal cords.	7. Why do humans have different voices?
9. Discussion and conduct an activity on sound needs a medium for propagation.	 9. Sound and Light are energies. But without medium, sound can't travel? – Discuss 	7. Students conduct an activity.	8. What is necessary for propagation of sound?
10. Explain and conduct an activity on sound travelling through a liquid.	10. Group discussion on sound travelling through a liquid.	8. Students complete the homework.	9. Can sound travel through liquids?
11. Explain and conduct an activity on sound travelling through a solid.	11. Students describe the activity in own way.	9. In which medium sound propagates the maximum?	10. In which the speed of sound is maximum?
12. Discussion and Making, Working of a toy telephone.		10. Why is sound a wave?	
13. Explain and conduct an activity on the function of an eardrum.	12. Students draw the structure of human ear.	11. Students express the functioning of a human ear.	11. What are 3 main parts of the ear?
 Explain the concepts of Amplitude, Time period and Frequency of a vibration. 	13. Students collect information about the loudness of sound and its effect on human beings.	12. Define Amplitude, Time period and Frequency?	12. Write the relation between time period and frequency?
15. Discussion on Audible and Inaudible sounds.	14. Reading the scientific stories of sound related.	13. Students give a range of inaudible and audible sounds	13. What is the range of ultrasonic sounds?

16. Explain Noise and music	15. Students give examples of noise		14. How can we distinguish between music and noise?
17. Discussion and explain noise pollution, its effects.	16. Group discussion on noise pollution and its effects on human beings.	14. Can noise pollution be stopped?	15. Give two examples of noise pollution.

Check For Understanding Questions	TLM's (Digital + Print)
1. Factual:	
1. Is there sound in space?	1. Used prepared
2. Does temperature affect sound?	Quiz paper.
3. Why the sound of the baby is feeble?	
	2. Utilized digital
2. Open Ended/Critical Thinking:	classroom.
1. Why does sound carry more at night?	
2. What will happen if sound does not exist?	3. Provide video links
3. What is the quietest sound in the world?	QR codes, DIKSHA App
3. Student Practice Questions & Activities:	
1. What is the difference between noise and music? Can music become noise sometimes?	4. You Tube video's link
2. Explain in what way noise pollution is harmful to human.	
3. A pendulum oscillates 40 times in 4 seconds. Find its time period and frequency.	
4. Sketch larynx and explain its function in your own words.	
Assessment:	
1. How can you show that sound cannot travel through a vacuum?	
2. Explain with an activity that sound travels in liquids.	
3. How can we control Noise pollution?	
4. Briefly describe the loudness of sound.	

SIGNATURE OF THE TEACHER

SIGNATURE OF THE HEADMASTER