

MODEL LESSON PLAN

CLASS: 08 SUBJECT: PS Name of the Teacher: M.SRINIVASA RAO Name of the School: A.G.K.M.H.School, Gudivada

| Name of the | Торіс | No.of Periods | Timeline for teaching | | Any specific |
|-------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------|
| Lesson/Unit | | Required | From | То | information |
| | What makes things visible – Laws of Reflection | 4 | xx/xx/xxxx | xx/xx/xxxx | |
| | Regular and Diffused Reflection | 2 | xx/xx/xxxx | xx/xx/xxxx | |
| | Reflected light can be reflected again – Multiple Images | 2 | xx/xx/xxxx | xx/xx/xxxx | |
| Light | Keleidoscope | 1 | xx/xx/xxxx | xx/xx/xxxx | |
| (Chapter-7) | Sunlight: White or Coloured - What is inside our eyes? | 3 | xx/xx/xxxx | xx/xx/xxxx | |
| | Care of the eyes | 2 | xx/xx/xxxx | xx/xx/xxxx | |
| | Visually Impaired Persons Can Read and Write | 2 | xx/xx/xxxx | xx/xx/xxxx | |
| | What is the Braille System | 2 | xx/xx/xxxx | xx/xx/xxxx | |

Prior Concept/Skills:

- What are the sources of light?
 Does light travel in all directions?
- 3. What are the properties of light?

| Learning Outcomes: | No. of Periods |
|---|----------------|
| 1. Draw the experimental setups verification of laws of reflection. | 2 |
| 2. Applies learning of scientific concepts in day-to-day life of laws of reflections in multiplex halls/theatres. | 1 |
| 3. Measures angles of incidence and reflection. | 1 |
| 4. Differentiate reflection as regular and diffused reflection. | 2 |
| 5. Applies learning of scientific concepts in day-to-day life of regular and diffused reflections. | 1 |
| 6. Explains processes and phenomena of formation of multiple images | 2 |
| 7. Exhibits creativity in designing, planning, making use of Kaleidoscope. | 1 |
| 8. Constructs models using materials from surroundings and explains their working of kaleidoscope. | 1 |
| 9. Relates processes and phenomenon with causes of working of human eye. | 1 |
| 10. Draws labelled diagram of structure of the human eye | 1 |
| 11. Draws the flow charts of how you can take care of eyes. | 1 |
| 12. Classifies materials based on characteristics of real and virtual images. | 1 |
| 13. Discusses and appreciates stories of scientific discoveries of Louis Braille and Helen A. Keller | 2 |
| 14. Conducts simple investigations to seek answers to queries of How does the braille system work? | 1 |
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Experience and Reflection:

- 1. Students will use the law of reflection of light when installing mirrors in building constructions.
- 2. Students will learn how to prevent eye problems in daily life and take appropriate precautions.
- 3. Students will learn how Braille system is used by visually impaired students.

| Explicit Teaching/Teacher Modelling | Group Work (We Do) | Independent Work (You Do) | Notes for: | |
|---|--|---|----------------------------------|--|
| (I Do) | | | | |
| 1. Discussion and explain on Can you see | 1. Group discussion on properties of | 1. Students will give reasons why | 1. Do all objects reflect | |
| an object in the dark? | Light. | they cannot see the object in the dark? | light? | |
| 2. Explain and conduct an activity on showing reflection of light | 2. Students draw the incident ray, reflected ray and normal. | 2. Students express the first law of reflection | 2. What causes light reflection? | |

| 3. Conduct an activity on the first law of reflection with help of a mirror, drawing board, white sheet, scale and pencil | 3. Students describe the entire procedure. | 3. Students collect the materials for the verification of the first law of reflection. | 3. What are the effects of reflection of light? |
|--|---|--|---|
| 4. Conduct an activity on the second law of reflection with help of a mirror, drawing board, white sheet, scale, protector and pencil. | 4. Students measures angle of incidents and angle of reflections. | 4. Solved the problems in own way. | 4. What is the formula of second law of reflection? |
| 5.Explain and conduct an activity on image formation in a plane mirror. | 5. Why lateral inversion takes place in a plane mirror- Group discussion. | 5. Students write the characteristics of the plane mirror. | 5. What type of image is formed in a plane mirror? |
| 6. Explain regular and diffused reflections. | 6. Students give examples of regular and diffused reflections. | 6. Define Regular and Diffused reflections. | 6. Can image be formed in diffused reflection? |
| 7. Discussion on reflected light can be reflected again. | 7. Students visit nearest shopping mall and express their thoughts. | | 7. Which image is brightest in multiple reflection? |
| 8. Explain and conduct an activity on multiple images formed by a plane mirror. | 8. Collect information of multiple images formed by a plane mirror. | 7. Students complete the homework. | 8. How many images will be formed if two plane mirrors will be placed at 45 ⁰ ? |
| 9. Explain making and working of kaleidoscope. | 9. Students describe the making of kaleidoscope. | 8. Students will make the kaleidoscope. | 9. On what principle kaleidoscope is based? |
| 10. Conduct an activity on dispersion of Light. | 10. Students will conduct an activity of dispersion of light. | 9. What is the dispersion of light. | 10. How many colours in white light? What are they? |
| 11. Explain structure and function of human eye. | | 10. Students draw the structure of the human eye. | 11. What are the main parts of the Human eye? |
| 12. Demonstration on blind spot and perception of eye. | 11. Discussion on the eye perceives object as moving. | 11. Students conduct an activity on a bird in case. | 12. What is the main function of blind spot in eve? |
| 13. Discussion and explain on eye defects and their suitable corrections. | 10. Students collect the information of eye defects and corrections. | 12. Meet an eye specialist. Get your eye sight checked and discuss how to take care of | 13. What are the main eye defects? |
| 14. Explain how you can take care of your eyes. | 11. Debate on care of the eyes. | your eyes | 14. What is the function of the retina? |

| 15. Discussion and explain how visually impaired persons can read and write. | 12. Students read the history of Louis Braille. 13. Collect the information of Braille | 13. Students complete the homework | 15. How can visually impaired person to read and write? | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---|--|
| 16. Explain Braille system. | system. | 15. What is the Braille system? | | |

| Check For Understanding Questions | TLM's (Digital + Print) | | |
|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| 1. Factual: | | | |
| 1. Where do you find reflection of light in your daily life? | 1. Used prepared | | |
| 2. Which principle is used in a kaleidoscope? | Quiz paper. | | |
| 3. How many dots are used in Braille system? | | | |
| 2. Open Ended/Critical Thinking: | 2. Utilized digital | | |
| 1. What happens to the size of the pupil of our eye in bright light? | classroom. | | |
| 2. What happens when a ray of light falls perpendicularly on the surface of a plane mirror? | | | |
| 3. How can you detect an eye problem? | 3. Provide video links | | |
| 3. Student Practice Questions & Activities: | QR codes, DIKSHA | | |
| 1. Describe an activity to show that the incident ray, the reflected ray and the normal at the point of incidence lie in | App | | |
| the same plane. | | | |
| 2. Explain how you can take care of your eyes | 4. You Tube video's link | | |
| 3. Describe the construction of a kaleidoscope. | | | |
| 4. Draw a labelled sketch of the human eye. | | | |
| 5. What is the angle of incidence of a ray if the reflected ray is at an angle of 90° to the incident ray? | | | |
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| Assessment: | | | |
| 1. How does the braille system work? | | | |
| 2. Describe an activity to show that the angle of incidence is always equal to the angle of reflection. | | | |
| 3. Differentiate between regular and diffused reflection. Does diffused reflection mean the failure of the laws of reflection? | | | |
| 4. What are the characteristics of image formed by plane mirror? | | | |
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SIGNATURE OF THE TEACHER

SIGNATURE OF THE HEADMASTER